

# FISPO Nº: 026 CHEMICAL PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION RECORD

## **SEALANT**

1. Product and company identification:

Product's name: SEALANT

Product's internal identification code: PS500, BS1000

Company's name: rubber vulk, Ida

Address: Zona Industrial, Lote 21 - 3680-133 Oliveira de Frades

Company's phone: +351 232 763 109 Fax: +351 232 763 110

Emergency phone: 808 250 143 (INEM ANTI-VENENOS)

E-mail: info@rubbervulk.com

2. Hazard identification:

Risk: Toxic product: has narcotic effect. Intense exposure can lead to

unconsciousness and even coma, and cause irritation on the skin and eyes.

PRODUCT EFFECTS

Effects of Exposure Its vapors are central nervous system (CNS) depressants

Toxic by inhalation, ingestion and skin contact.

Repeated exposure at high concentrations of trichloroethylene produce adverse effects to the liver and at a smaller degree to the kidneys

Environmental Effects: AIR: vapors of the product reduce the concentration of oxygen, making the

environment asphyxiating and can form explosive mixtures of difficult ignition,

requiring high intensity heat sources, such as welds, sparks, etc.

WATER: product of low solubility in water. Trichloroethylene causes long-term

damaging effect to the aquatic environment.

SOIL: volatile liquid, can penetrate the soil and cause possible contamination

Physical and Chemical Hazards: Irritation of the skin and mucus by prolonged contact;

Contamination by organic vapors.

Specific Hazards: At high temperatures, the product releases toxic vapors.

Burning of the product releases toxic gases.

Hazard classification and labeling:





Class: 6.1 Risk No: 60

Hazardous to the Environment (N)

# 3. Composition and information on the ingredients:

Preparation: Trichloroethylene rubber solution

Chemical nature: Chlorinated solvent

Components that contribute to the hazard: Chlorinated solvent

	No.	Substância	CAS	Concentration	Risk classification and phrases
	01	Trichloroethylene	79016	85%	T(R45;R68;R67) - Xi(R36/38)-N(R52 53)
_	02	Rubber		15%	·





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4. First-aid measures:		i kanala da kanala d	
FIRST-AID MEASURES			
Inhalation Dizziness		headache and fainting. Remove the victim to a ventilated location, n in lying position, quiet and warm. Keep the respiratory passages	
		artificial respiration or oxygen if necessary. See a doctor.	
contamin		and burning on the contaminated site. Remove the clothes ated with the product. Wash with running water for 20 minutes. See a necessary.	
Contact with the eyes Irritation, ophthalm		scomfort and pain. Wash with water for at least 20 minutes, see an ogist.	
Lay the v passages		doctor immediately. Provide water (3 to 4 cups). tim down with the head turned to the side, keep the respiratory ree, be careful not to inhale vomit. In case the victim is unconscious, water or induce vomit.	
Major symptoms	Irritation on of motor co	the skin, eyes and respiratory tracts, dizziness, sleepiness and loss ordination, and unconsciousness.	
Actions to be avoided	Do not adm seizure or is	ninister anything orally or induce the vomit if the victim is having a s unconscious.	
Doctor information	the solvent	mended to carefully administer gastric suction. The over-exposure to can cause higher sensitivity of the heart to adrenaline. In the case of he supply of moist oxygen is normally necessary.	
5. Firefighting measures:			
Appropriate extinguishing	g methods	Chemical Powder fire extinguisher, CO2,	
Inappropriate extinguishin	ng methods	Do not use jet of water directly, only spray or foam.	
Specific hazards		This product can burn but it is not easily ignited. Its burning can generate toxic fumes. The recipients can explode from the heat of the fire.	
Special methods		Firefighting with the wind always at your back	
Firefighters protection		In the case of high concentrations of organic vapor, use the individual respiratory equipment.	
6. Control measures for s	pill / leakage:		
PERSONAL PRECAUTI	ONS		
Removal of the sources of		Remove all sources of ignition, do not smoke at the site.	
Dust control		Not applicable.	
Prevention of inhalation or contact with the skin, mucus or eyes.		Use individual protection equipment. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Ensure adequate ventilation.	
Environmental precautions		Contain the leakage to avoid contamination of the soil and water. The product is heavier than water and has very low solubility. Avoid cloistering the place and if possible keep the place ventilated. It can contaminate water, causing long-term damaging effect to the aquatic environment.	
Removal and cleaning m	ethods I	n the case of spills, use absorbing materials and take the material to an appropriate location, leaving the solvent to dry.	
Recovery		After the contamination, the product can no longer be used.	
Disposal		Burn in an appropriate incinerator. Any disposal method should obey he legislation and the local regulations. Do not dispose into the sewer, ground or any water body or source.	



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7. Handling and storage:			
HANDLING			
Appropriate technical measures	Provide exhaust ventilation where the processes so require. The product should be handled, obeying the standards and procedures of industrial hygiene and occupational safety, according to the current legislation.		
Exposure prevention	Handle according to the established safety standards. Use the indicated individual protection equipments (IPE). Keep the packs always well closed.		
Fire or explosion prevention	Trichloroethylene can form an explosive mixture with air, therefore adopt all the protection measures for fire prevention.  No welding activity or cutting of any pack should be performed where the solvent is likely present due to the risk of explosion.  Due to the volatility of the tri chlorine, the cans can explode due to the heat of the fire.		
Safe handling precautions	Avoid dropping the packs during the loading and offloading operation. In the case of drums of the product, they should be stored over wood platforms, away from the sun and rain and away from flames, fire, sparks and sources of heat. The packs should never be thrown over tires		
STORAGE CONDITIONS	3		
Medidas técnicas apropriadas	Armazenar longe de produtos alimentícios, oxidantes e bases fortes (ex.: hidróxido de Sódio/Potássio). Tricloroetileno reage violentamente com metais ativos (sódio, berílio, lítio).		
CONDIÇÕES DE ARMA	, , ,		
Appropriate	Covered, ventilated and dry areas (temperature of ± 25°C).		
To be avoided	Proximity with sources of heat and ignition, locations without ventilation and incompatible materials.		
Risk signal PRODUCT:	The location should have signals indicating the flammability of the product and the safety standards of the place Classification according to Standard 704 of NFPA – National Fire Protection Agency. *		
Toxic (T) Class 6	4 - Extreme 3 - High 2 - Moderate 1 - Mild 0 - Minimum  HEALTH 2 FLAMMABILITY 1 REACTIVITY 0 SPECIAL		
	* According to the FISPQ [Chemical Product Safety Information Record] of the solvent supplier		
Incompatible products	Active metals, strong bases, strong oxidants and metal powders.		
SAFE PACKAGING MAT	ERIALS		
Recommended	Original pack (cans and gallons of flanders).		
Inappropriate	Any other type of packing that is not the original packing of the product.		
3. Exposure control and ir	ndividual protection:		
Engineering control meas	sures Appropriate ventilation of the place.		
SPECIFIC CONTROL PA	ARAMETERS		
Limits of occupational exp	posure:		
BRAZIL	– LT/ NR15 LT-MP LT-VM VM ppm		

ppm



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 TRICHLOROETHYLENE
 78
 N.E.

 USA – ACGIH
 TWA / TLV
 STEL / TLV

 ppm
 ppm

 TRICHLOROETHYLENE
 50
 100

TWA: Time weighted average LT-MP: Weighted average tolerance limit TLV: Threshold Limit Value LT-VM: Maximum Tolerance Limit Value

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TRICHLOROETHYLENE N.E

CEILING CONCENTRATION (TLV-C): ----- rat= 8000ppm/4hs

LETHAL CONCENTRATION (CL50):- ----- 1000 ppm

ODOR LIMIT-----

APPROPRIATE INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT Breathing protection Mask against organic vapors, mask. Viton Rubber Gloves, Nitrile rubber.. Hand protection Eye protection Protective goggles Skin and body protection Safety footwear (boot) and apron. Special precautions Emergency showers and eye wash should be installed at the handling Hygiene measures Do not inhale the vapors. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Remove the dirty or embedded clothes. Smoking, eating and drinking should be forbidden at the area of application. Always use hot water, soap and cleaning creams for cleaning. Do not use gasoline, diesel oil or other solvent for personal hygiene.

#### 9. Physical/Chemical properties:

Physical state	Viscous liquid.	
Form	Liquid.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Color	Black	
рН	N.A.	
SPECIFIC TEMPERATURES AT WHICH CHANGES IN THE PHYSICAL STATE OCCUR		
Boiling point	85 – 87ºC. *	

#### Boiling point Distillation range Not determined Freezing point Not determined Melting point Not determined Flash point Not determined Self-igniting temperature Not determined Limit of explosiveness in air LIE: 7%; LSE: 52%\* + 60mmg à 20°C' Steam pressure 4,5g/cm<sup>3</sup> a 20/4°C (AR=1)\*Vapor density Rate of evaporation Not determined Density (apparent) 1.34 a 1.38 Solubility Insoluble in water.

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the values of the pure solvent according to the supplier FISPQ



Mobility

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10. Stability and reactivity:		
SPECIFIC CONDITIONS		
Chemical stability		Stable under the normal recommended handling and storage conditions.
Instability		Stable under normal use and stock conditions.
Dangerous reactions		None; when the product is stored, applied and processed correctly. The solvent reacts violently with active metals (sodium, beryllium, lithium).
Conditions to avoid		Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials		Active metals (Sodium, Barium, Beryllium and others), strong alkalinizing and oxidizing agents.
Hazardous products from t breakdown	he	Product does not have corrosive action on materials. The combustion of the product may emit acid and toxic gases (carbon oxides, chlorinated products, phosgene). It can react with alkaline compounds to generate chloroacetylene, which are explosive and highly toxic.
Risk of spontaneous polyn	nerization	Does not occur.
11. Toxicological information	n·	
		DIFFERENT WAYS OF EXPOSURES
Acute toxicity	exposure, o unconsciou cause anes	sposure to the product's vapors, above the professional limits of causes headache, nausea, dizziness, sleepiness and even usness. Exposures at concentrations equal or greater than 5000 ppm esthetic effects, causing loss of consciousness and can even lead to treme cases.
Site effects	The prolon	ged or repeated exposure can cause skin irritation. The repeated n cause drying and peeling of the skin.
Sensitization	Not availab	le
Chronic toxicity	an unhealtl	ant and prolonged exposure to the vapors released by the product in hy environment, and without individual or collective protection can cause chemical dependency, causing even disease of the liver s.
Toxicologically synergic effects	Not availab	le
effects to th According to solvent sho Exposure L		exposure to high concentrations of the solvent can produce adverse ne liver and kidneys. to the producer of Trichloroethylene, none of the toxic effects of the buld occur if the exposures are kept below the current Occupational imit.
12. Ecological information:		
Environmental effects, behavioral effects and import of the product	acts its bur in the remair	ge and spills release vapors that can form explosive mixtures, and rning releases toxic smoke. The solvent (trichloroethylene) contained product is toxic to aquatic life, and can have fatal effects if they in the aquatic environment for long. On the ground and sediments, oduct can partially infiltrate and contaminate the water table.
Mobility		roduct is a volatile liquid with low solubility in water and high mobility and sediments.
Persistence/degradability		roduct is not readily biodegradable, the solvent suffers photodegradation and slow degradation in the soil.
Bioaccumulation	The so	olvent (trichloroethylene) has low potential for bioaccumulation
B 4 1 111.		

Not available



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#### 12. Ecological information: Continued

Expected behavior	Not determined	
Environmental impact	Not determined	
Ecotoxicity	Not determined	

#### 13. Considerations regarding treatment and disposal:

### METHODS OF TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

**Product** 

Product remains According to the current legislation. Do not dispose the materials in sewers or water

bodies.

Used packing According to the current legislation.

#### 14. Information on transportation:

#### NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL REGULATION

Product considered dangerous, by its components according to ordinance 204 dated 05/20/2007 of the ministry of transportation

For containing the chlorinated solvent, the SVF sealant is considered a dangerous product for land, sea or air transport according to the respective regulations (ADR; IMDG; IATA-DGR).

### DANGEROUS PRODUCT REGULATION

UN Number	1710
Appropriate name for shipment	Chlorinated solvent (Trichloroethylene) contact adhesive
Risk class	6.1
Risk number	60
Packing group	ll .

### 15. Regulations:

Name of substance/preparation: Chlorinated solvent (Trichloroethylene) contact adhesive Indication of Hazards and Risk Symbol: TOXIC (T)

#### Risk Sentences (R)

R 45: Can cause cancer.

R36/38: Irritates the eyes and skin.

R 52/53: Harmful to the aquatic organisms, long-term damaging effects.

R 66- Can cause drying and dermatitis

R67 Can cause sleepiness and vertigo by inhalation of the vapors

## Safety Sentences (S)

Reserved for professional users

S2: keep away from food and children

S 9: Keep the recipient well closed.

S 16: Keep away from any source of flame or spark. Do not smoke or eat.

S 36/37: Use appropriate protective clothing and gloves

S 53: Avoid exposure – obtain specific instructions before use.

Ordinance 204 - 05/20/1997 - classification and definition of the class of dangerous products. NBR 14725-4 Standard

Ordinance 3214 of the Ministry of Labor NR 15 – Activities in Unhealthy Operations and NR 07 – Occupational Health Medical Control Program / PCMSO.

Portuguese legislation DL 63/2008



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#### 16. Outras informações:

VOC concentration > 85 %

This FISPQ was prepared according to Portuguese legislation DL 63/2008

Product for exclusive industrial use

The information contained in this FISPQ was researched and compiled from reliable sources, from MSDS of suppliers and from legislations applicable to the product.

The data of this FISPQ refer to the specific product and are not valid when this product is being used in combination with other products.

Abbreviations and symbols used in this document:

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association - Dangerous Goods Regulation
LT-MP – Tolerance Limit – Weighted Average
N.A. – Not applicable
NR – Regulatory Standard
PCMSO – Occupational Health Medical Control Program
TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average
TLV-STEL - Threshold Limit Value -Short Term Exposure Limit
VM – Maximum Value
VOC- Volatile organic Compound

Elaborated on: **November/2008**Revised on:: **28/05/2010** 

